What could kill NSTIC? A Friendly Threat Assessment In Three Parts

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Download the whitepaper: http://pde.cc/nsticrisks

High hopes for an ID ecosystem

Can we get to an international digital identity system?

High hopes for an ID ecosystem

Can we get to an International, User-Centric digital identity system that works across **Industries? Cultures? Technologies? Governments? Regulatory schemes?**

High hopes for an ID ecosystem

This effort is driven in the United States under a 2004 program initiated by the National Strategy for Trusted Identity in Cyberspace through the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) of the | Strategy for Trusted Identities in Cyl US Department of Commerce. NIST Home > NSTIC Updates from the National Program Office **NSTIC** Notes Quick Links

Notices, Documents, Reports

What Others Say about NSTIC National Program Office

her Privacy Bill of Rights

Partice Transactions Safer, Faster, and More Priv

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Our findings, in short:

The two most serious threats to NSTIC's success:

a user experience that doesn't work imbalance among the forces that hold an identity ecosystem together.

A dozen of us met

- to list and score threats to the NSTIC Identity Ecosystem vision.
- Internet Identity Workshop, Mountain View, California
 - -October 2012

-May 2011.

We asked:

If NSTIC fails by 2016, what could have brought it down?

HERE'S OUR HYPOTHETICAL 2016 POST-MORTEM OF NSTIC FAILURE SCENARIOS

We spoke in the past-tense as if the failures had happened.

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We didn't cooperate to build an ID ecosystem. We should have played well with others.

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Took too long. Strung out by process problems.

(Alternatives emerged.)

We didn't cooperate to build an ID ecosystem. We should have played well with others.

Industry failed to build it.

(Capital and management didn't prioritize.)

We didn't cooperate to build an ID ecosystem. We should have played well with others.

NSTIC community became balkanized. NSTIC community lost cohesion; didn't listen to each other.

(Little to no interop.)

We didn't cooperate to build an ID ecosystem. We should have played well with others.

The program was co-opted by a Big Brother government.

(Not trustworthy internationally and for many purposes.)

Worked, but was not trusted.

(Failed Brand).

Was subverted and insecure.

(Legitimately Untrusted).

Enterprise didn't adopt it.

(Business case not well made.)

After one failure, supporters abandoned the project. "Burned once, twice shy."

(Shallow, brittle commitment; low tolerance for failure.)

The IE was an empty room. No critical mass formed. There was an imbalance of supply and demand.

(Anchor tenants didn't sign on. Institutions didn't enroll millions of users or pull in industry ecosystems.)

Citizens didn't want trusted identity.

(Poor market fit; lack of perceived benefit over alternatives.)

A local failure took down the whole identity ecosystem.

(Failures of ecosystem trust, architecture, integration testing, and risk analysis.)

The IdP/RP/Trust identity model was inferior to newer models. (Technology risk.)

The IdP/RP/Trust identity model broke at scale or broke in diverse contexts. (Project design risk.)

Miscommunication within the Identity Ecosystem contributed to its death. (Poor cooperation, weak community, high self-interest, low trust.)

Failed User Experience.

Failed User Experience.

UX was too hard.

Failed User Experience.

Everything went wrong that could go wrong.



Along with user experience, structural instability was the big issue, according to the group...

- Four pillars of the ecosystem must be strong
 - Technology
 - Economics
 - Policy
 - Culture
- Each relationship among them was imbalanced.

Each of these pillars were operating on different tempos.

 It was fast to iterate improved user experiences but slow to socialize each round among public policy and enterprise lawyers, for example.

Motivations were misaligned.

• Some companies, for example, engineered tariffs for data sharing into their terms of service, cutting off public sector and NPOs from their customers.

Core ideas didn't survive translation.

 Several large Internet engineering companies backed out of supporting IE infrastructure because the "Easy ID" brand became a running joke on sitcoms, SNL, and a biting meme on YouTube.
We Built-In Structural Instability.

Liability was broken.

 Tragic risks were taken with some technologies and contracts by pushing exposure from those who enabled risk to those who didn't.

This session was in October 2012.

• But wait, there's more...

We did a similar exercise 18 months earlier in May 2011 with a similar group.

https://secure.flickr.com/photos/philwolff/5713880402/ cc-by Phil Wolff

2. EIGHTEEN MONTHS EARLIER...

Death to NSTIC Death to NSTIC Prisks - Lack of adoption Dyestopian Fear - I mpatione for learning cove Night - Usability Failures Peopletory Black - Usability Failures Peopletory Black - Philipping (SQ) - Denversion of Principles (B)	ACTIONS Small Successes Dindustry Marina Jack / Media E Voice Dindustry Marina Jack / Media E Voice Dindustry Marina Jack / Media E Voice Dindustry Association (KM) Dindustry Association (KM) Dindustry Association (Dinner) Dindustry Association (Dinner) Dinner (Dinner)

Lack of adoption.

Impatience for long learning curve.

Usability failures. (early concern)

Interop failures.

Overscope.

Security problems like phishing and malware drawn by money.

Perversion of principles.

Chicken vs. Egg problems.

Short Attention Span and the Hype Cycle

Regulatory blocks privacy laws antitrust concerns uncertainty about liability

Waiting for Winners

Dystopian Fear

Over-promising by tech communities to policy communities

- Lack of adoption.
- Impatience for long learning curve.
- Usability failures.
- Interop failures.
- Overscope.
- Security problems like phishing and malware drawn by money.
- Perversion of principles.

- Chicken vs. Egg problems.
- Short Attention Span and the Hype Cycle
- Regulatory blocks including privacy laws, antitrust concerns and uncertainty about liability
- Waiting for Winners
- Dystopian Fear
- Over-promising by tech to policy communities

We had time, in the 2011 session, to brainstorm what might avoid or mitigate these threats.

Small successes

Build confidence

Industry marketing, PR, Media/Voice

Build public understanding

Community user experience sharing (KM)

Accelerate design

Cultivate Engineering Focus

Developer relations

Governance driving Interop Testing

Interop is a leadership challenge

Clear/Graded Roadmap

Short term plans, long term visions

Electronic Authentication Guideline, NIST SP 800-63, and other threat comment

Connect to existing NIST processes

Security Council / Antiphishing Working Group

Make security an explicit IESG activity

Government Affairs activity

Engage US and other governments

OIX Risk Wiki

Engage the OIX community

The fear of "failure to deliver" was still there. WHAT CHANGED **BETWEEN THE TWO SESSIONS?**

What changed between the two sessions?

- Outside forces like dystopian fear among users, security failures, and regulatory challenges were less prominent or not mentioned.
- 2. Drivers of failure expanded almost exclusively to internal ones.

What changed between the two sessions?

The primary concern: leadership

Once funding, staffing, and collaboration started: the identity ecosystem did not take charge and master the challenges as they emerged.

3. Last minute update... COAST///SE 1 VICTORIA StarVparking Whiting Ness, Victoria Park, Geo Pul-Grading An earry level walk which can be enjoyed by all ages at all times of the year but take prest care along the cliffs Arbroath — Auchmithie The cliff trail north of Arbroath is awash with feseinating rock formations, christened with such evocative names as the Dell's Held, Seaman's Grave and Mermald's Kirk, It's a bracing coastal walk skirting the swirting sea that can be enjoyed at any time of the year. A tannac path leaves the Climber air-lifted after park at an information board and climbs above the red sandstone sliffs. It levels out quickly and skirts between open fields on the left and the sea to the right. The path is Faccident not far from the edge, so Take care. You pass through Seaton Cliffs Wildlife Reserve here. This is home to a range of seabirds including fulmars and herring gulla: an erray of wildflowers and butterflies plus sea life including dolphins, seals and whales. SCHOOLGIRL HAD 'NO E OF ESCAPE ng as much detail IN STREET, LANS, Carp Ing This later. NOT IN LOCAL OR COLUMN

Arbroath Cliffs Warning Notice CC-BY-NC Alan Parkinson

DO NOT CLARK THE CLARKS

Cuts are coming

- US federal government is cutting spending in 2013 as we prepare this paper in December 2012.
- By cleaver if a "fiscal cliff avoiding" budget is passed
- By chainsaw if Congress and the President fall over the "cliff."

Direct effects.

Nobody knows if this will directly affect NIST and the NIST staff managing the NSTIC project.

Direct effects.

Could the stream of funding for NSTIC innovation grants dry up and will existing projects be halted?
Direct effects.

Will NIST's funding for the Identity Ecosystem's Secretariat, that coordinates and supports the work of the IE, be sustained or cut?

Direct effects.

In a trillion dollar budget, today's spending on NSTIC is a rounding error.

Indirect effects.

We don't know how cuts in federal spending will affect the program indirectly

Participating organizations change behavior as they

- lose government contracts,
- experience greater risk, or
- enjoy new opportunities.

We also don't know if the largest government agencies that would be among the first implementers of these open, usercentric, trust networks will stay in the game.

Having huge customers as "anchor tenants" provides strong incentives for the private sector to invest and make the identity ecosystem work.

Will spending cuts interfere with project continuity?

Will key personnel stay engaged?

Lots of unknowns.

- And no strategy to respond to these risks from the Identity Ecosystem Steering Group.
- Yet.

Our findings, in short:

The two most serious threats:

A user experience that doesn't work

Imbalance among the forces that hold an identity ecosystem together. What do you think is the biggest threat to making the dream of an international user-centric digital identity system that works across industries, technologies, governments, and regulatory schemes come true?

Further Reading and Resources

- <u>https://pensivepeter.wordpress.com/2012/10/23/death-to-nstic-long-live-nstic/</u>
- <u>https://skydrive.live.com/?</u> <u>cid=9a70d9142ec4cc44&id=9A70D9142EC4CC44!</u> <u>827&sff=1</u>
- PDEC White paper: What Could NSTIC?

A word from our sponsors...

 PDEC is a not-for-profit education, advocacy, and research association, promoting the emergence of a user-centric personal data ecosystem where personal control of personal data is good for business and society.



- Our consortium's <u>Startup Circle</u> and individual members are in North America, across Europe, Australia and New Zealand
- We meet at <u>local meetups and conferences</u> and <u>hold seminars</u>.

Thanks

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PDEC, the Personal Data Ecosystem Consortium, is a "small data" NGO representing startups, individuals and others who believe personal control of personal data is good for people, business, and society